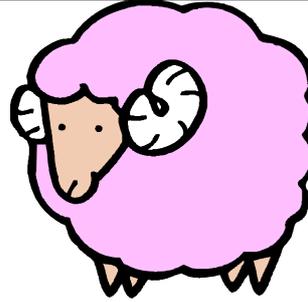


THE FIXED-UP-ONE ROUTINE FOR FINAL CONSONANT DELETION

bike



sheep



“Listen to this. If I accidentally said ‘buy’ when I wanted to say ‘bike’ it wouldn’t sound right. I would have to fix it up and say ‘bike’ wouldn’t I? Did you hear that fixed-up-one? I said ‘buy’ then I fixed it up and said ‘bike’”.

“Listen. If I said ‘she’ it wouldn’t sound right. I would have to fix it up and say ‘sheep’.

plane



seat



“If I said ‘play’ instead of ‘plane’ I would have to do a fixed-up-one again. I would have to think to myself not ‘play’ its ‘plane’. Did you hear that fixed-up-one?”

““She is sitting in her sea’ isn’t right is it? I need to do a fixed-up-one and say ‘in her seat’”.

beach



card



“What would I have to do if I accidentally said ‘bee umbrella’ for this one? I would have to do a ...” [fixed-up-one]

“Would I have to do a fixed-up-one if I said ‘car’ for this one?”

Self-corrections for final consonant deletion

Adults continually make little mistakes when they speak. They barely notice these mistakes at a conscious level, and quickly correct themselves, and go on with what they are saying. This process of noticing speech mistakes and correcting them as we go is called making revisions and repairs, or self-corrections. Many children with speech sound difficulties are not very good at self-correcting. They find it difficult to monitor their speech (i.e., listen to it critically) and make corrections.

Fixed-up-ones

At home this week, introduce the idea of a “fixed-up-one”, or the process of noticing speech mistakes and then saying the word(s) again more clearly, specifically in relation to leaving final consonants off the ends of words and “g”. Go through the routine above 2 or 3 times, and talk about fixed-up-ones. Have some fun making up other “mistakes” with final consonants.